

**EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
PLANNING COMMISSION
Meeting Agenda
Wednesday, June 7, 2017
7:00 PM**

- A. Call to Order / Pledge of Allegiance and Moment of Silence
- B. Chairman will ask if anyone is going to record the meeting
- C. Review of Tracking Log / Determine need for Workshop Meeting**
- D. Public Comment on Non-Agenda Items
- E. Approval of Minutes**
 - 1. May 3, 2017**
- F. Subdivision and Land Development Applications**
 - 1. 1007 Taylor Ave. (Sketch Plan)**
- G. Conditional Uses and Variances
 - 1. The Malvern Institute (Special Exception and Variances) **(NEW MEETING DATES)**
 - a. **July 12, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Planning Commission meeting**
 - b. **August 2, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Planning Commission meeting**
 - c. **September 5, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Board of Supervisors**
 - d. **September 19, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Board of Supervisors**
 - e. **September 27, 2017 (7:30 PM) - Zoning Hearing Board (Public Hearing)**
- H. Ordinance Amendments**
 - 1. Floodplain Ordinance**
- I. Old Business
- J. New Business
- K. 2017 Goals
- L. Any Other Matter**
 - 1. DCED Grant Application for Milltown Dam Project**
- M. Liaison Reports
- N. Correspondence

Bold Items indicate new information to review.

**East Goshen Township
Planning Commission Tracking Log**

| Application Name | Application (CU,LD,O,SD,V,SE,CA) | Type (Sk, P, F) | Date Filed | Start Date | Date to Township Engineer | Date to CCPC | Date to Abutting Prop. / ABC's | Extension | PC NLT Action Date | BOS NLT Action Date | Hearing Date | Drop Dead date | Comments |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Malvern Institute, 940 King Rd. 1007 Taylor Ave. | V, SE SD / V | P Sk | 3/27/17 5/30/17 | 3/27/17 NA | NA NA | NA NA | 3/30/17 NA | 2 | 8/2/17 NA | 9/19/17 NA | 9/27/17 NA | 9/30/17 NA | |
| Bold = New Application or PC action required | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Completed in 2017 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1420 E. Strasburg Rd. / Brakman-Gunnison 1506 Meadowbrook Dr. | SD/LD SD / V | P/F Sk | 5/18/16 4/24/17 | 6/1/16 NA | 5/19/16 NA | 5/19/16 NA | 5/20/16 NA | 3 | 3/1/17 NA | 3/21/17 NA | NA NA | 3/29/17 NA | APPVD |

Draft
EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING
May 3, 2017

The East Goshen Township Planning Commission held a regularly scheduled meeting on Wednesday, May 3, 2017 at 7:00 p.m. at the East Goshen Township building. Members present were: Chairman Adam Knox, Dan Daley, Monica Close, Jim McRee, Ernest Harkness, and Silvia Shin. Also present was Mark Gordon, (Township Zoning Officer), Marty Shane, Mike Lynch, and Janet Emanuel, (Township Supervisors), and Kristin Camp, (Township Solicitor).

COMMON ACRONYMS:

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>BOS – Board of Supervisors</i> | <i>CPTF – Comprehensive Plan Task Force</i> |
| <i>BC – Brandywine Conservancy</i> | <i>CVS – Community Visioning Session</i> |
| <i>CB – Conservancy Board</i> | <i>SWM – Storm Water Management</i> |
| <i>CCPC – Chester Co Planning Commission</i> | |

A. FORMAL MEETING – 7:00 pm

1. Adam called the meeting to order at 7:00 pm. He led the Pledge of Allegiance and a moment of silence to remember our troops.
2. Adam asked if anyone would be recording the meeting and if there were any public comments about non-agenda items. There was no response.
3. Adam reviewed the Tracking Log and determined no need for a workshop.
4. Adam noted that the minutes of the April 5, 2017 meeting were approved as amended.

B. SUBDIVISION & LAND DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS

1. 1506 Meadowbrook Dr – Sketch Plan (Subdivision & Variances) – Shimon Guy, President of Guy Engineering Associates, represented the property owners Mr. & Mrs. Stephen Legenstine. He explained that they are proposing subdivision of their flag lot property, which is slightly less than the 2 acres required by ordinance. He listed the variances they need:

- a. Variance from §240-9G – minimum lot size
- b. Variance from §240-23B(2)(a) street frontage

They have approached the owner of the adjoining property at 1431 Boot Road to purchase a narrow piece of land in order to meet the 2 acre requirement. That owner, Ms. Gable, has agreed. Hemlock Hill Lane is a private lane/driveway next to them. There is a mutual agreement for use and maintenance. There will be another member to this agreement but not a significant increase in traffic. They plan to add a pull off area so cars can pass.

Mr. Guy mentioned that they have informed their neighbors and none objected. They have one more to contact.

Commission members comments:

1. Adam asked what is the hardship. Mr. Guy answered that they need funds to improve their existing home and continue to live here.
2. Jim voiced concern about the narrow road and whether emergency vehicles can get there. Mr. Guy responded that this subject came up years ago and it was decided that widening the road would present hardships for the residents. Jim pointed out that splitting a flag lot is not allowed under the ordinance. Mark Gordon explained the history of the lots in the area. Jim also is concerned about the lack of hardship.
3. Ernest asked for verification of the existing lots. He is concerned about emergency vehicles.
4. Dan reviewed the history of the lots and private lane. He gave suggestions as to how they should present their proposal next time and include comments from neighbors. He explained the application process for variances from the Planning Commission, to the Board of Supervisors to the Zoning Hearing Board.

1 5. Silvia verified that the code requires a hardship to get a variance.
2

3 Public Comments:

4 1. Leo Kasehagen, 919 Nathaniel Drive – He mentioned that they were not contacted by the applicants
5 about this proposal. They learned about it from the Township letter.

6 2. Ted Grossman, 707 Hemlock Hill Lane – He just heard about the possible widening of the lane. He is
7 very concerned about the water runoff and the impact to his property. Can another storm water system be
8 installed. Mark explained that the applicants will come back with an application to address the variances
9 and storm water will be discussed. The amount of runoff from the property cannot increase.

10
11 **C. ORDINANCE AMENDMENTS**

12 1. Medical Marijuana Ordinance – Mark explained that drafts for both of these ordinances were
13 sent to the County for review so they may have responses by the June Planning Commission meeting.
14 After discussion Jim moved to recommend that the Board of Supervisors approve the Medical Marijuana
15 Ordinance pending no comments from the County. Silvia seconded the motion. The motion passed
16 unanimously.

17 2. Floodplain Ordinance – Kristin Camp, Township Solicitor, explained the FEMA map update.
18 There is a consultant to help municipalities put the update in place. The maps don't go into effect until
19 September 29, 2017. Mark commented that there are no changes to the East Goshen map.

20
21 **D. ANY OTHER MATTER**

22 1. Malvern Institute - The Township staff and attorneys had a meeting to review this request.
23 Marty commented that he and Janet need to have a public meeting with residents as soon as possible.
24 Marty thanked the members of the Planning Commission and Township staff for all they have done with
25 this request.

26
27 **D. LIAISON REPORTS**

28 1. Board of Supervisors – Janet reported that the Board's financial advisor regarding bonds gave
29 a presentation last night about financing projects not covered by grants. The projects are 2 dams, the
30 Paoli Pike Trail, West Goshen sewer improvements and East Goshen Park.

31
32 **ADJOURNMENT**

33 There being no further business, Adam moved to adjourn the meeting. Ernest seconded the
34 motion. The meeting adjourned at 8:40 pm. The next regular meeting will be held on Wednesday,
35 June 7, 2017 at 7:00 pm.

36
37
38 Respectfully submitted, _____
39 *Ruth Kiefer, Recording Secretary*

Memorandum

East Goshen Township
1580 Paoli Pike
West Chester, PA 19380

Voice: 610-692-7171
Fax: 610-692-8950
E-mail: mgordon@eastgoshen.org

Date: 6/1/2017
To: Planning Commission
From: Mark Gordon, Township Zoning Officer *mlb*
Re: 1007 Taylor Avenue / Sketch Plan

Dear Commissioners,

The Township has received a sketch plan submission for your review and comment for 1007 Taylor Avenue. The owner, E Kahn Development, proposes a 2 lot subdivision of the property. The existing parcel has an area of approximately 1.08 acres and has two existing single family homes and a large garage.

The property is a legal non-conforming lot with legal non-conforming structures. The owner proposes to subdivide the parcel into two lots in such a way as to position each single family home on its own parcel.

The sketch plan proposes to subdivide the existing lot creating one new .89 acre lot and one new .019 acre lot. This subdivision will require variances which have not been finalized or provided in this sketch plan submission; however it appears that at a minimum they will need the following variances.

Lot 1:

1. Lot Area
2. Rear Yard setback for garage.
3. Side Yard Setback for garage.
4. Front Yard Setback for garage

Lot 2:

1. Lot Area
2. Rear Yard setback for house and garage.
3. Side Yard Setback for garage.
4. Front Yard Setback for house and garage

Staff supports working with the owner to create the best situation out of this non-conforming lot and structures. Support of these requests will make the situation cleaner and will not be detrimental to the character of the neighborhood.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
CHESTER COUNTY
1580 PAOLI PIKE, WEST CHESTER, PA 19380-6199

FYI

June 1, 2017

Dear Property Owner:

The purpose of this letter is to inform you that the owner of 1007 Taylor Avenue, West Chester, PA 19380, has submitted a subdivision sketch plan for review and comment by the Township Planning Commission. The owner, E Kahn Development, proposes a 2 lot subdivision of the property. The existing parcel has an area of approximately 1.08 acres and has two existing single family homes and a large garage.

The property is a legal non-conforming lot with legal non-conforming structures. The owner proposes to subdivide the parcel into two lots in such a way as to position each single family home on its own parcel.

The sketch plan proposes to subdivide the existing lot creating one new .89 acre lot and one new .019 acre lot. This subdivision will require variances which have not been determined at this time.

The Planning Commission will hear the application, ask questions and provide feedback so the applicant can decide on how to move forward with their application. The public will also have an opportunity to ask questions of the applicant and the Planning Commission.

Pursuant to Township policy, property owners and residents within 1000 feet of the subject property are notified of sketch plan submissions.

The Sketch Plan will be reviewed by the Planning Commission on:

- **June 7, 2017 - Planning Commission meeting (7:00 PM)**

All meetings are held at the Township Building and are open to the public. The sketch plan is available for review at the Township building during normal business hours. Please give me a call at or email me at mgordon@eastgoshen.org if you have any questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,

Mark A. Gordon
Township Zoning Officer

Cc: All Township Authorities, Boards and Commissions

EKAHN DEVELOPMENT

May 25, 2017

Rick Smith
Township Manager
East Goshen Township
1580 Paoli Pike
West Chester, PA 19380-6199

RECEIVED
MAY 30 2017

RE: 1003-1007 Taylor Avenue

Dear Rick:

Pursuant to our conversation, we are requesting to be added to the Planning Commission Agenda on June 7, 2017 to present a sketch plan for a proposed subdivision of the above-referenced property. This property contains two (2) single family ranch dwelling units and a large multi-bay garage on one tax parcel. The property has been owned and occupied by the same family for over 60 years. We would like to renovate both houses and sell them upon completion. We will need a variance in order to create the two lots. I have attached a sketch of how we would propose the subdivision to look.

Please let me know if we can be added to the agenda. Thank you very much.

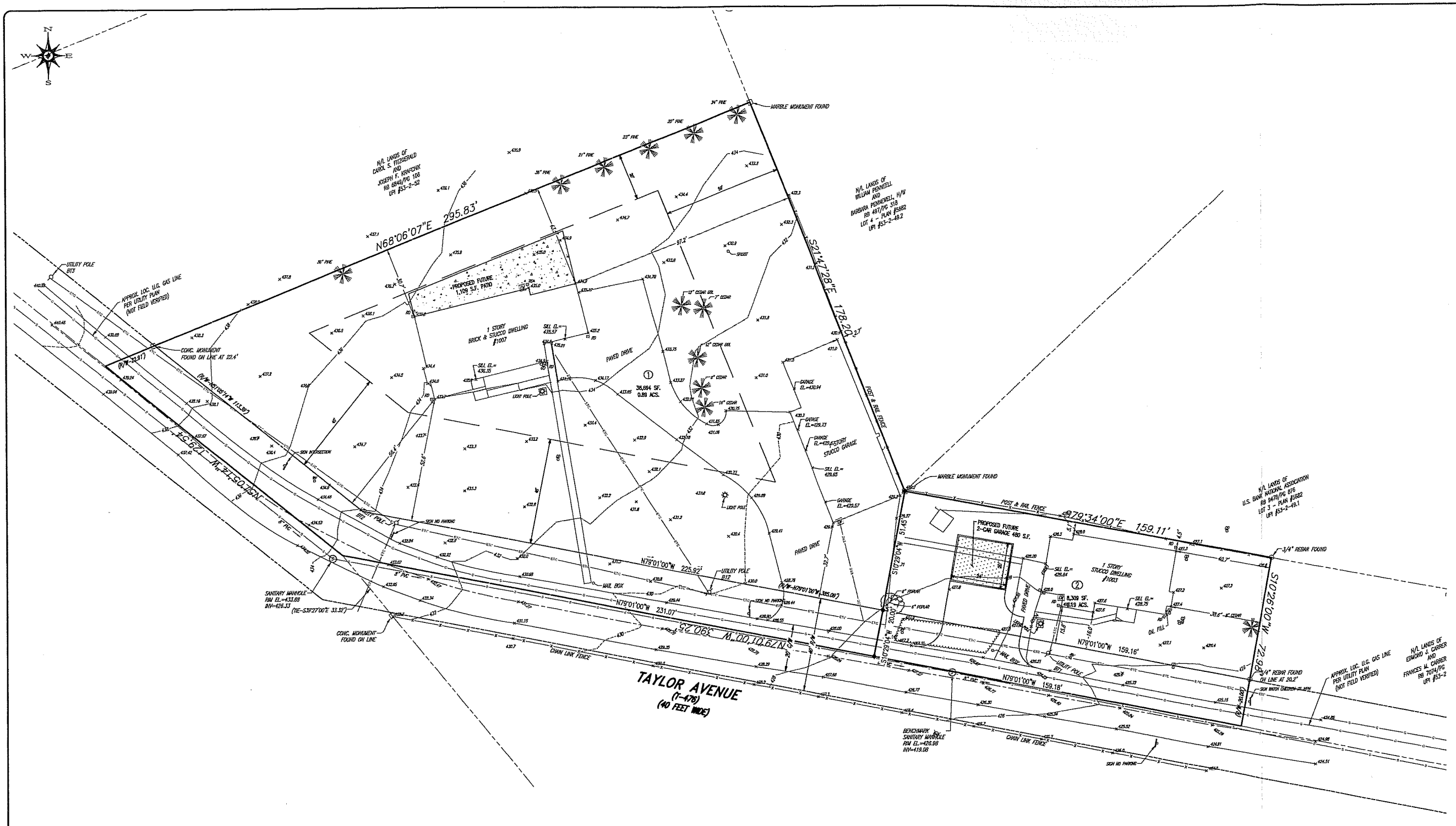
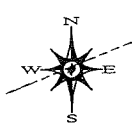
Sincerely,



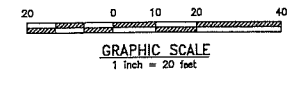
Eli A. Kahn

EAK/mef

Enclosure



SITE LAYOUT SKETCH
SCALE: 1"=20'



ZONING DATA TABULATION
EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
ZONING ORDINANCE
ZONE R-2 LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
AREA AND BULK REGULATIONS
(SEC 240-9.0)

| | REQUIRED | EXISTING | PROPOSED LOT 1 | PROPOSED LOT 2 (****) |
|------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| MIN. NET LOT SIZE | 1 ACRE | 0.889 ACRES (37,003 S.F.) (*) | 0.889 ACRES (38,694 S.F.) (*) | 0.191 ACRES (8,309 S.F.) (*) |
| MIN. LOT WIDTH | 150' | 498'± | 340'± | 159'± |
| AT BUILDING LINE | 150' | 498'± | 340'± | 159'± |
| AT STREET LINE | 60' | 498'± | 340'± | 159'± |
| BUILDING SETBACKS | | | | |
| MIN. FRONT YARD | 45' | 15.8' (**) | 52.6' | 15.8' (***) |
| MIN. SIDE YARD | 20' | 30.7' | 0' (****) | 0' (****) |
| MIN. REAR YARD | 50' | 2.6' (**) | 2.6' (****) | 2.6' (****) |
| MAX. BUILDING COVERAGE | 25% | 12.2% | 9.50% | 24.5% |
| MAX. LOT COVERAGE | 35% | 28.3% | 29.2% | 32.5% |
| MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT | 30' | <30' | <30' | <30' |

(*) TOTAL LOT AREA EXCLUSIVE OF AREA WITHIN RIGHT-OF-WAY
(**) EXISTING NON-CONFORMING
(***) PROPOSED NON-CONFORMING
(****) SETBACKS NOT SHOWN ON PLAN

LEGEND

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| — EX. PROPERTY LINE | --- EXISTING CONTOUR | — PROP. LIGHT POLE | — PROP. ELEC. LINE | — PROP. STORM INLET | — PROP. WATER LINE |
| --- PROP. PROPERTY LINE | --- PROPOSED CONTOUR | — EX. FENCE | — EX. UTILITY POLE | — PROP. STORM INLET ID | — PROP. WATER LATERAL |
| --- EX. RIGHT-OF-WAY | --- EXISTING SPOT ELEV. | — EX. MAIL BOX | — EX. UTILITY POLE | — PROP. SAN. SEWER LINE | — PROP. FIRE WATER LINE |
| --- PROP. RIGHT-OF-WAY | --- NEW SPOT ELEV. | — EX. SIGN | — EX. GUY ANCHOR | — PROP. SAN. SEWER LATERAL | — EX. WATER VALVE |
| □ EX. MONUMENT | SOILS TYPE | — PROP. SIGN | — EX. GAS LINE | — PROP. SAN. SEWER LATERAL | — EX. HYDRANT |
| ○ EX. IRON PIPE | SOILS LINE | — EX. CONC. CURB | — EX. GAS VALVE | — PROP. SAN. SEWER LATERAL | — EX. HYDRANT |
| ● PROP. IRON PIPE | — EX. CONC. CURB | — EX. CONC. CURB | — PROP. PROP. GAS VALVE | — PROP. SAN. SEWER LATERAL | — EX. MANHOLE |
| — EX. EASEMENT | — EX. EDGE OF PAVING | — EX. TELE. LINE | — EX. STORM SEWER LINE | — PROP. SANITARY MH. ID | — EX. MANHOLE |
| — PROP. EASEMENT | — PROP. EDGE OF PAVING | — PROP. TELE. LINE | — PROP. STORM SEWER LINE | — EX. PERC TEST | — EX. TEST PIT |
| — EX. WETLANDS | — EX. LIGHT POLE | — EX. ELEC. LINE | — EX. STORM INLET | — EX. WATER LINE | |



DLHowell
Civil Engineering
Land Planning
Environmental
www.DLHowell.com

1250 Wrights Lane
West Chester, PA 19380
Phone: (610) 918-9002
Fax: (610) 918-9003

| NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------|-------------|
| | | |

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| NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------|-------------|
| | | |

PRELIMINARY/SKETCH
SITE LAYOUT SKETCH
CLIENT: ELI KAHN
PROJECT: 1003-1007 TAYLOR AVENUE
LOCATION: EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
CHESTER COUNTY, PA

| | |
|--------------|------------|
| DATE: | 05/09/2017 |
| SCALE: | 1"=20' |
| DRAWN BY: | AJA |
| CHECKED BY: | DLH |
| PROJECT NO.: | 3167 |
| DATE: | 05/12/2017 |
| DRAWING NO.: | SK-2 |
| SHEET: | 1 OF 1 |

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
CHESTER COUNTY
1580 PAOLI PIKE, WEST CHESTER, PA 19380-6199

FYI

May 31, 2017

Dear Property Owner:

The purpose of this letter is to provide you with an update on the Malvern Institute Zoning Hearing Board application. The Malvern Institute (the applicant) has granted the Township an extension until September 30, 2017 to hold the Zoning Hearing for their Special Exception and Variance application.

The applicant proposes to expand the second floor of the existing main building, construct a loft in the existing barn, convert the existing smoking area in the rear of the facility to a greenhouse, construct a new smoking pavilion, and add parking on the property.

Pursuant to Township policy, all Township properties within 1,000 feet of the property in question are notified of Zoning Hearing Board applications. The meetings and public hearings projected for this project's review and potential approval are:

1. **July 12, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Planning Commission meeting**
2. **August 2, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Planning Commission meeting**
3. **September 5, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Board of Supervisors**
4. **September 19, 2017 (7:00 PM) - Board of Supervisors**
5. **September 27, 2017 (7:30 PM) - Zoning Hearing Board (Public Hearing)**

All meetings will be held at the Township Building and are open to the public. The application and plans are available for review at the Township Building during normal business hours. Please give me a call at 610-692-7171 or e-mail me at mgordon@eastgoshen.org if you have any questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,



Mark Gordon
Township Zoning Officer

Cc: All ABC's
Brian Nagle, Esq. (VIA EMAIL ONLY)
Kristin Camp, Esq., Solicitor, East Goshen Township (VIA EMAIL ONLY)
John Nagel, Manager, East Whiteland Township (VIA EMAIL ONLY)
David Burman, Manager, Willistown Township (VIA EMAIL ONLY)

Memorandum

East Goshen Township
1580 Paoli Pike
West Chester, PA 19380

Voice: 610-692-7171
Fax: 610-692-8950
E-mail: mgordon@eastgoshen.org

Date: 6/1/2017
To: Planning Commission
From: Mark Gordon, Zoning Officer *mlb*
Re: Township Floodplain Ordinance

Dear Commissioners,

As you know, the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps in Chester County have been revised and re-issued as per federal requirements and individual Municipalities need to adopt them. In addition all municipalities were required to submit their Floodplain ordinances for review and approval. Due to all the changes in the federal regulations since our last floodplain ordinance revision the PA DCED is requiring that East Goshen update our Floodplain ordinance and recommended that we use the PA model floodplain ordinance. Therefore the DCED, Township Staff and the Township Solicitor have worked together to draft the new Floodplain ordinance.

The CCPC has reviewed the proposed draft ordinance before you and has no major comments. Comment 4 will be addressed by defining "Variance" as it is defined in the Zoning Ordinance.

Draft Motion:

Mr. Chairman, I move that the Planning Commission recommend that the Board of Supervisors adopt the updated and revised Floodplain Ordinance with the following condition:

1. Revise The term "Variance" on page 29 to the satisfaction of the PA DCED and the CCPC.

**EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
CHESTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA**

ORDINANCE NO. _____

**AN ORDINANCE OF EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP,
CHESTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, AMENDING THE
EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP ZONING ORDINANCE OF
1997 BY REPLACING SECTION 240-26.B OF THE ZONING
ORDINANCE WITH UPDATED FLOODPLAIN
MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE
FLOODPLAIN PERMITTING PROCESS, SETTING FORTH
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION
AND DEVELOPMENT, RELATED PROVISIONS
GOVERNING ALL IMPROVEMENTS IN IDENTIFIED
FLOODPLAIN AREAS, ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR
ANY PERSONS WHO FAIL TO COMPLY WITH
REQUIRED PROVISIONS, REPEALING CERTAIN
DEFINITIONS CONTAINED WITH THE ZONING
ORDINANCE IN SECTION 240-6, AND ADOPTING
REQUIRED SEVERABILITY, REPEALER AND
CODIFICATION PROVISIONS.**

BE IT ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Board of Supervisors of East Goshen Township that the East Goshen Township Zoning Ordinance of 1997 is hereby amended as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 240 Zoning, Article V. Supplemental Regulations, Section 240-26.B Floodplain Regulations shall be deleted and removed in its entirety, and shall hereby be amended and replaced with a new Section 240-26.B which shall read as follows (subject to any additional reformatting and renumbering by General Code):

“B. Floodplain Regulations.

(1) STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION

The Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has, by the passage of the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act of 1978, delegated the responsibility to local governmental units to adopt floodplain management regulations to promote public health, safety, and the general welfare of its citizenry. Pursuant to such authority and the authority granted by the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, the Board of Supervisors (the “Board”) of East Goshen Township (the “Township”) adopts the following floodplain regulations.

(2) GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. Intent

The intent of this Ordinance is to:

1. Promote the general health, welfare, and safety of the community.
2. Encourage the utilization of appropriate construction practices in order to prevent or minimize flood damage in the future.
3. Minimize danger to public health by protecting water supply and natural drainage.
4. Reduce financial burdens imposed on the community, its governmental units, and its residents, by preventing excessive development in areas subject to flooding.
5. Comply with federal and state floodplain management requirements.

B. Applicability

It shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, business or corporation to undertake, or cause to be undertaken, any construction or development anywhere within the Identified Floodplain Area within the Township unless a Permit has been obtained from the Floodplain Administrator.

C. Abrogation and Greater Restrictions

This ordinance supersedes any other conflicting provisions which may be in effect in Identified Floodplain Areas. However, any other ordinance provisions shall remain in full force and effect to the extent that those provisions are more restrictive. If there is any conflict between any of the provisions of this ordinance, the more restrictive shall apply.

D. Warning and Disclaimer of Liability

The degree of flood protection sought by the provisions of this ordinance is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on accepted engineering methods of study. Larger floods may occur or flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes, such as ice jams and bridge openings restricted by debris. This Ordinance does not imply that areas outside any Identified Floodplain Area, or that land uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damages. This ordinance shall not create liability on the part of the Township or any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this Ordinance or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder.

(3) ADMINISTRATION

A. Designation of the Floodplain Administrator

The Township Zoning Officer is hereby appointed to administer and enforce this ordinance and is referred to herein as the Floodplain Administrator. The Floodplain Administrator may: (A)

Fulfill the duties and responsibilities set forth in these regulations, (B) Delegate duties and responsibilities set forth in these regulations to qualified technical personnel, plan examiners, inspectors, and other employees, or (C) Enter into a written agreement or written contract with another agency or private sector entity to administer specific provisions of these regulations. Administration of any part of these regulations by another entity shall not relieve the community of its responsibilities pursuant to the participation requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program as set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations at 44 C.F.R. Section 59.22.

In the absence of a designated Floodplain Administrator, the Floodplain Administrator duties are to be fulfilled by the Township Manager.

B. Permits Required

A permit shall be required before any construction or development is undertaken within any Identified Floodplain Area of the Township.

C. Duties and Responsibilities of the Floodplain Administrator

1. The Floodplain Administrator shall issue a permit only after it has been determined that the proposed work to be undertaken will be in conformance with the requirements of this and all other applicable codes and ordinances.
2. Prior to the issuance of any permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall review the application for the permit to determine if all other necessary government permits required by state and federal laws have been obtained, such as those required by the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act (Act 1966-537, as amended); the Pennsylvania Dam Safety and Encroachments Act (Act 1978-325, as amended); the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Act (Act 1937-394, as amended); and the U.S. Clean Water Act, Section 404, 33, U.S.C. 1344. No permit shall be issued until this determination has been made.
3. In the case of existing structures, prior to the issuance of any Development/Permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall review the proposed cost of improvements or repairs and the pre-improvement market value of the structure, so that a substantial improvement/substantial damage determination can be made, in accordance with FEMA's Substantial Improvement/Substantial Damage Desk Reference.
4. In the case of existing structures, prior to the issuance of any Development/Permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall review the history of repairs to the subject building, so that any cumulative substantial damage concerns can be addressed before the permit is issued.
5. During the construction period, the Floodplain Administrator or other authorized official shall inspect the premises to determine that the work is progressing in compliance with the information provided on the permit application and with all applicable municipal laws and ordinances. He/she shall make as many inspections during and upon completion of the work as are necessary.
6. In the discharge of his/her duties, the Floodplain Administrator shall have the authority

to enter any building, structure, premises or development in the identified floodplain area, upon presentation of proper credentials, at any reasonable hour to enforce the provisions of this ordinance.

7. In the event the Floodplain Administrator discovers that the work does not comply with the permit application or any applicable laws and ordinances, or that there has been a false statement or misrepresentation by any applicant, the Floodplain Administrator shall revoke the Permit and report such fact to the Board of Supervisors for whatever action it considers necessary.
8. The Floodplain Administrator shall maintain in perpetuity, or for the lifetime of the structure, all records associated with the requirements of this ordinance including, but not limited to, finished construction elevation data, permitting, inspection and enforcement.
9. The Floodplain Administrator is the official responsible for submitting a biennial report to FEMA concerning community participation in the National Flood Insurance Program as requested.
10. The responsibility, authority and means to implement the commitments of the Floodplain Administrator can be delegated from the person identified. However, the ultimate responsibility lies with the person identified in the floodplain ordinance as the floodplain administrator/manager.
11. The Floodplain Administrator shall consider the requirements of the 34 PA Code and the 2009 IBC and the 2009 IRC, or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

D. Application Procedures and Requirements

1. Application for a permit shall be made, in writing, to the Floodplain Administrator on forms supplied by the Township. Such application shall contain the following:
 - (a) Name and address of applicant.
 - (b) Name and address of owner of land on which proposed construction is to occur.
 - (c) Name and address of contractor.
 - (d) Site location including address.
 - (e) Listing of other permits required.
 - (f) Brief description of proposed work and estimated cost, including a breakout of flood-related cost and the market value of the building before the flood damage occurred where appropriate.
 - (g) A plan of the site showing the exact size and location of the proposed

construction as well as any existing buildings or structures.

2. If any proposed construction or development is located entirely or partially within any Identified Floodplain Area, applicants for permits shall provide all the necessary information in sufficient detail and clarity to enable the Floodplain Administrator to determine that:
 - (a) all such proposals are consistent with the need to minimize flood damage and conform with the requirements of this and all other applicable codes and ordinances;
 - (b) all utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage;
 - (c) adequate drainage is provided so as to reduce exposure to flood hazards;
 - (d) structures will be anchored to prevent floatation, collapse, or lateral movement;
 - (e) building materials are flood-resistant;
 - (f) appropriate practices that minimize flood damage have been used; and
 - (g) electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment, and other service facilities have been designed and located to prevent water entry or accumulation.
3. Applicants shall file the following minimum information plus any other pertinent information as may be required by the Floodplain Administrator to make the above determination:
 - (a) A completed Permit Application Form.
 - (b) A plan of the entire site, clearly and legibly drawn at a scale of one (1) inch being equal to one hundred (100) feet or less, showing the following:
 - i. north arrow, scale, and date;
 - ii. topographic contour lines, if available;
 - iii. the location of all existing and proposed buildings, structures, and other improvements, including the location of any existing or proposed subdivision and development;
 - iv. the location of all existing streets, drives, and other access ways; and
 - v. the location of any existing bodies of water or watercourses, identified floodplain areas, and, if available, information pertaining to the floodway, and the flow of water including direction and velocities.

(c) Plans of all proposed buildings, structures and other improvements, drawn at suitable scale showing the following:

- i. the proposed lowest floor elevation of any proposed building based upon North American Vertical Datum of 1988;
- ii. the elevation of the base flood;
- iii. supplemental information as may be necessary under 34 PA Code, the 2009 IBC or the 2009 IRC, or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

(d) The following data and documentation:

- i. detailed information concerning any proposed floodproofing measures and corresponding elevations.
- ii. if available, information concerning flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces and other factors associated with a base flood.
- iii. documentation, certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, to show that the cumulative effect of any proposed development within any Identified Floodplain Area when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, will not cause any increase in the base flood elevation.
- iv. a document, certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, which states that the proposed construction or development has been adequately designed to withstand the pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces associated with the base flood.

Such statement shall include a description of the type and extent of flood proofing measures which have been incorporated into the design of the structure and/or the development.

- v. detailed information needed to determine compliance with provisions herein related to provisions regulating Storage, and Development Which May Endanger Human Life, including:
 1. the amount, location and purpose of any materials or substances which are intended to be used, produced, stored or otherwise maintained on site.
 2. a description of the safeguards incorporated into the design of the proposed structure to prevent leaks or spills of the dangerous materials or substances during a base flood.

- vi. the appropriate component of the Department of Environmental Protection's "Planning Module for Land Development."
 - vii. where any excavation or grading is proposed, a plan meeting the requirements of the Department of Environmental Protection, to implement and maintain erosion and sedimentation control.
4. Applications for permits shall be accompanied by a fee, payable to the municipality based upon the estimated cost of the proposed construction as determined by the Floodplain Administrator.

E. Review of Application by Others

A copy of all plans and applications for any proposed construction or development in any identified floodplain area to be considered for approval may be submitted by the Floodplain Administrator to any other appropriate agencies and/or individuals (e.g. planning commission, municipal engineer, etc.) for review and comment.

F. Changes

After the issuance of a permit by the Floodplain Administrator, no changes of any kind shall be made to the application, permit or any of the plans, specifications or other documents submitted with the application without the written consent or approval of the Floodplain Administrator. Requests for any such change shall be in writing, and shall be submitted by the applicant to Floodplain Administrator for consideration.

G. Placards

In addition to the permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall issue a placard, or similar document, which shall be displayed on the premises during the time construction is in progress. This placard shall show the number of the Permit, the date of its issuance, and be signed by the Floodplain Administrator.

H. Start of Construction

Work on the proposed construction or development shall begin within 180 days after the date of issuance of the development permit. Work shall also be completed within twelve (12) months after the date of issuance of the permit or the permit shall expire unless a time extension is granted, in writing, by the Floodplain Administrator. The issuance of development permit does not refer to the zoning approval.

The actual start of construction means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial

improvement, the actual start of construction means the first, alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

Time extensions shall be granted only if a written request is submitted by the applicant, who sets forth sufficient and reasonable cause for the Floodplain Administrator to approve such a request and the original permit is compliant with the ordinance & FIRM/FIS in effect at the time the extension is granted.

I. Enforcement and Penalties

Any person who fails to comply with any or all of the requirements or provisions of this ordinance or who fails or refuses to comply with any notice, order of direction of the Floodplain Administrator or any other authorized employee of the Township shall be subject to the administrative processes, enforcement action, fines and/or penalties as set forth within Article VIII. Administration and Enforcement, and the applicable sections of Article IX. General Provisions of the Township's Zoning Ordinance.

J. Appeals

1. Any person aggrieved by any action or decision of the Floodplain Administrator concerning the administration of the provisions of this Ordinance, may appeal to the Zoning Hearing Board. Such appeal must be filed, in writing, within thirty (30) days after the decision, determination or action of the Floodplain Administrator.
2. Upon receipt of such appeal the Zoning Hearing Board shall consider the appeal in accordance with the applicable sections of the Township Zoning Ordinance and the Municipalities Planning Code and any other applicable local ordinance.
3. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the Zoning Hearing Board may seek relief therefrom by appeal to court, as provided by the laws of this State including the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act.

(4) IDENTIFICATION OF FLOODPLAIN AREAS

A. Identification

The Identified Floodplain Area shall be:

1. Any areas of the Township, classified as Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) in the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) and the accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) dated September 29, 2017 and issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) or the most recent revision thereof, including all digital data developed as part of the Flood Insurance Study.

The above referenced FIS and FIRMs, and any subsequent revisions and amendments are hereby adopted by the Township and declared to be a part of this ordinance.

B. Description and Special Requirements of Identified Floodplain Areas

The Identified Floodplain Area shall consist of the following specific areas:

1. The Floodway Area shall be those areas identified in the FIS and the FIRM as floodway and which represent the channel of a watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without increasing the water surface elevation by more than one (1) foot at any point. This term shall also include floodway areas which have been identified in other available studies or sources of information for those Special Flood Hazard Areas where no floodway has been identified in the FIS and FIRM.
 - (a) Within any floodway area, no encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, or other development shall be permitted unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis performed in accordance with standard engineering practice that the proposed encroachment would not result in any increase in flood levels within the community during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.
 - (b) Within any floodway area, no new construction or development shall be allowed, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.
2. The AE Area/District shall be those areas identified as an AE Zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA for which base flood elevations have been provided.
 - (a) The AE Area adjacent to the floodway shall be those areas identified as an AE Zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA for which base flood elevations have been provided and a floodway has been delineated.
 - (b) AE Area without floodway shall be those areas identified as an AE zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA for which base flood elevations have been provided but no floodway has been determined.
 - i. No encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, or other development shall be permitted in an AE Zone without floodway, unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis performed in accordance with

standard engineering practice that the proposed development together with all other existing and anticipated development, would not result in an increase in flood levels within the entire community during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

- ii. No new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.
3. The A Area/District shall be those areas identified as an A Zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA and for which no base flood elevations have been provided. For these areas, elevation and floodway information from other Federal, State, or other acceptable sources shall be used when available. Where other acceptable information is not available, the base flood elevation shall be determined by using the elevation of a point on the boundary of the identified floodplain area which is nearest the construction site.
 4. The AO and AH Area/ District shall be those areas identified as Zones AO and AH on the FIRM and in the FIS. These areas are subject to inundation by 1-percent-annual-chance shallow flooding where average depths are between one and three feet. In Zones AO and AH, drainage paths shall be established to guide floodwaters around and away from structures on slopes.
 5. In lieu of the various methods and calculations set forth above, the Township may require the applicant to determine the elevation with hydrologic and hydraulic engineering techniques. Hydrologic and hydraulic analyses shall be undertaken only by professional engineers or others of demonstrated qualifications, who shall certify that the technical methods used correctly reflect currently accepted technical concepts. Studies, analyses, computations, etc., shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow a thorough technical review by the Township. In the absence of any of the above data or documentation, the Township may require elevation of the lowest floor to be at least three feet above the highest adjacent grade.

C. Changes in Identification of Area

The Identified Floodplain Area may be revised or modified by the Board where studies or information provided by a qualified agency or person documents the need for such revision. However, prior to any such change to the Special Flood Hazard Area, approval must be obtained from FEMA. Additionally, as soon as practicable, but not later than six (6) months after the date such information becomes available, the Township shall notify FEMA of the changes to the Special Flood Hazard Area by submitting technical or scientific data.

D. Boundary Disputes

Should a dispute concerning any identified floodplain boundary arise, an initial determination shall

be made by the Township and any party aggrieved by this decision or determination may appeal to the Zoning Hearing Board. The burden of proof shall be on the appellant.

E. Jurisdictional Boundary Changes

Prior to development occurring in areas where annexation or other corporate boundary changes are proposed or have occurred, the Township shall review flood hazard data affecting the lands subject to boundary changes. The Township shall adopt and enforce floodplain regulations in areas subject to annexation or corporate boundary changes which meet or exceed those in CFR 44 60.3.

(5) TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

A. General

1. Alteration or Relocation of Watercourse

- (a) No encroachment, alteration, or improvement of any kind shall be made to any watercourse until all adjacent municipalities which may be affected by such action have been notified by the municipality, and until all required permits or approvals have first been obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.
- (b) No encroachment, alteration, or improvement of any kind shall be made to any watercourse unless it can be shown that the activity will not reduce or impede the flood carrying capacity of the watercourse in any way.
- (c) In addition, FEMA and the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development, shall be notified prior to any alteration or relocation of any watercourse.

2. When the Township proposes to permit the following encroachments:

- (a) any development that causes a rise in the base flood elevations within the floodway; or
- (b) any development occurring in Zones A1-30 and Zone AE without a designated floodway, which will cause a rise of more than one foot in the base flood elevation; or
- (c) alteration or relocation of a stream (including but not limited to installing culverts and bridges)

the applicant shall (as per 44 CFR Part 65.12):

- i. apply to FEMA for conditional approval of such action prior to permitting the encroachments to occur.

- ii. Upon receipt of the FEMA Administrator's conditional approval of map change and prior to approving the proposed encroachments, a community shall provide evidence to FEMA of the adoption of floodplain management ordinances incorporating the increased base flood elevations and / or revised floodway reflecting the post-project condition.
 - iii. Upon completion of the proposed encroachments, applicant shall provide as-built certifications. FEMA will initiate a final map revision upon receipt of such certifications in accordance with 44 CFR Part 67.
6. Any new construction, development, uses or activities allowed within any identified floodplain area shall be undertaken in strict compliance with the provisions contained in this Ordinance and any other applicable codes, ordinances and regulations.
7. Within any Identified Floodplain Area, no new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse.
8. Uses Permitted. The following uses are permitted within the Identified Floodplain Area, provided they are conducted in accordance with the Clean Stream Law of Pennsylvania, Act 347 of 1937, as amended, the Rules and Regulations of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, all other applicable provisions of the Zoning Ordinance, and other local, state and federal regulations:
 - (a) Customary agricultural operations.
 - (b) Parks, playgrounds and recreational uses.
 - (c) Forestry and wood production, excluding storage and mill structures.
 - (d) Outdoor plant nurseries.

B. Elevation and Floodproofing Requirements

Within any Identified Floodplain Area any new construction or substantial improvements shall be prohibited, with the exception of Permitted Uses as set forth above. If a permit or variance is obtained for new construction or substantial improvements in the Identified Floodplain Area in accordance with required criteria, then the following provisions apply:

1. Residential Structures

- (a) In AE, A1-30, and AH Zones, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation.
- (b) In A Zones, where there are no Base Flood Elevations specified on the FIRM, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor

(including basement) elevated up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation determined in accordance with this ordinance.

- (c) In AO Zones, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor (including basement) at or above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number specified on the FIRM.
- (d) The design and construction standards and specifications contained in the 2009 International Building Code (IBC) and in the 2009 International Residential Code (IRC) or the latest edition thereof adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and ASCE 24 and 34 PA Code (Chapters 401-405 as amended) shall be utilized, where they are more restrictive.

2. Non-residential Structures

- (a) In AE, A1-30 and AH Zones, any new construction or substantial improvement of a non-residential structure shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation, or be designed and constructed so that the space enclosed below the Regulatory Flood Elevation:
 - i. is floodproofed so that the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and,
 - ii. has structural components with the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy:
- (b) In A Zones, where no Base Flood Elevations are specified on the FIRM, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated or completely floodproofed up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation determined in accordance with this ordinance.
- (c) In AO Zones, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have their lowest floor elevated or completely floodproofed above the highest adjacent grade to at least as high as the depth number specified on the FIRM.
- (d) Any non-residential structure, or part thereof, made watertight below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be floodproofed in accordance with the W1 or W2 space classification standards contained in the publication entitled "Flood-Proofing Regulations" published by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (June 1972, as amended March 1992) or with some other equivalent standard. All plans and specifications for such floodproofing shall be accompanied by a statement certified by a registered professional engineer or architect which states that the proposed design and methods of construction are in conformance with the above referenced standards. There should be a statement submitted with the permit application and a statement submitted with the as-built Floodproofing Certificate prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy.

- (e) Any non-residential structure that will be floodproofed must submit the following to the Floodplain Administrator along with the non-residential Floodproofing Certificate and prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy:
- i. An Inspection and Maintenance Plan detailing the annual maintenance of floodproofed components ensuring that all components will operate properly under flood conditions. Components that must be inspected include at a minimum:
 1. Mechanical equipment such as sump pumps and generators,
 2. Flood shields and closures,
 3. Walls and wall penetrations, and
 4. Levees and berms (as applicable)
 - ii. Flood Emergency Operation Plan detailing the procedures to be followed during a flooding event, and must include information pertaining to how all components will operate properly under all conditions, including power failures. The design professional must produce the plan. An adequate plan must include the following:
 1. An established chain of command and responsibility with leadership responsibilities clearly defined for all aspects of the plan.
 2. A procedure for notification of necessary parties when flooding threatens and flood warnings are issued. Personnel required to be at the building should have a planned and safe means of ingress and should have no other emergency response duties during a flood event. Alternates should be assigned in the event that the primary persons responsible are unable to complete their assigned duties under the plan.
 3. A list of specific duties assigned to ensure that all responsibilities are addressed expeditiously. The locations of materials necessary to properly install all floodproofing components must be included in the list.
 4. An evacuation plan for all personnel or occupants; those without duties for the flood emergency as well as those with duties for implementing the plan. All possible ingress and egress routes must be identified.
 5. A periodic training and exercise program to keep personnel and occupants aware of their duties and responsibilities. Training drills should be held at least once a year and should be coordinated with

community officials.

- (f) The design and construction standards and specifications contained in the 2009 International Building Code (IBC) and in the 2009 International Residential Code (IRC) or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and ASCE 24 and 34 PA Code (Chapters 401-405 as amended) shall be utilized, where they are more restrictive.

3. Space below the lowest floor

- (a) Fully enclosed space below the lowest floor (excluding basements) which will be used solely for the parking of a vehicle, building access, or incidental storage in an area other than a basement, shall be designed and constructed to allow for the automatic entry and exit of flood waters for the purpose of equalizing hydrostatic forces on exterior walls. The term "fully enclosed space" also includes crawl spaces.
- (b) Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - i. a minimum of two openings having a net total area of not less than one (1) square inch for every square foot of enclosed space installed on two (2) separate walls
 - ii. the bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade.
 - iii. openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

4. Historic Structures

Historic structures undergoing repair or rehabilitation that would constitute a substantial improvement as defined in this ordinance, must comply with all ordinance requirements that do not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure. Documentation that a specific ordinance requirement will cause removal of the structure from the National Register of Historic Places or the State Inventory of Historic places must be obtained from the Secretary of the Interior or the State Historic Preservation Officer. Any exemption from ordinance requirements will be the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.

5. Accessory structures

Structures accessory to a principal building need not be elevated or floodproofed to remain dry, but shall comply, at a minimum, with the following requirements:

- (a) the structure shall not be designed or used for human habitation, but shall be limited to the parking of vehicles, or to the storage of tools, material, and equipment related to the principal use or activity.
- (b) floor area shall not exceed 200 square feet.
- (c) The structure will have a low damage potential.
- (d) the structure will be located on the site so as to cause the least obstruction to the flow of flood waters.
- (e) power lines, wiring, and outlets will be elevated to the Regulatory Flood Elevation.
- (f) permanently affixed utility equipment and appliances such as furnaces, heaters, washers, dryers, etc. are prohibited.
- (g) sanitary facilities are prohibited.
- (h) the structure shall be adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, and lateral movement and shall be designed to automatically provide for the entry and exit of floodwater for the purpose of equalizing hydrostatic forces on the walls. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - i. a minimum of two openings having a net total area of not less than one (1) square inch for every square foot of enclosed space.
 - ii. the bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade.
 - iii. openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, etc. or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of flood waters.
- (i) For accessory structures that exceed 200 square feet in area (footprint) and that are below the base flood elevation, a variance is required. If a variance is granted, a signed Declaration of Land Restriction (Nonconversion Agreement) shall be recorded on the property deed prior to issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy.
- (j) Prohibit the storage of Hazardous Materials in accessory structures.

C. Design and Construction Standards

The following minimum standards shall apply for all construction and development proposed within any identified floodplain area:

1. Fill

Within any Identified Floodplain Area the use of fill shall be prohibited. No variance shall be granted.

2. Drainage Facilities

Storm drainage facilities shall be designed to convey the flow of storm water runoff in a safe and efficient manner. The system shall ensure proper drainage along streets, and provide positive drainage away from buildings. The system shall also be designed to prevent the discharge of excess runoff onto adjacent properties.

3. Water and Sanitary Sewer Facilities and Systems

(a) All new or replacement water supply and sanitary sewer facilities and systems shall be located, designed and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damages and the infiltration of flood waters.

(b) Sanitary sewer facilities and systems shall be designed to prevent the discharge of untreated sewage into flood waters.

(c) No part of any on-site waste disposal system shall be located within any identified floodplain area except in strict compliance with all State and local regulations for such systems. If any such system is permitted, it shall be located so as to avoid impairment to it, or contamination from it, during a flood.

(d) The design and construction provisions of the UCC and FEMA #348, "Protecting Building Utilities From Flood Damages" and "The International Private Sewage Disposal Code" shall be utilized.

4. Other Utilities

All other utilities such as gas lines, electrical and telephone systems shall be located, elevated (where possible) and constructed to minimize the chance of impairment during a flood.

5. Streets

The finished elevation of all new streets shall be no more than one (1) foot below the Regulatory Flood Elevation.

6. Storage

All materials that are buoyant, flammable, explosive, or in times of flooding, could be injurious to human, animal, or plant life, and not listed in under the section entitled Development Which May Endanger Human Life, shall be stored at or above the Regulatory Flood Elevation or floodproofed to the maximum extent possible.

7. Placement of Buildings and Structures

All buildings and structures shall be designed, located, and constructed so as to offer the minimum obstruction to the flow of water and shall be designed to have a minimum effect upon the flow and height of flood water.

8. Anchoring

- (a) All buildings and structures shall be firmly anchored in accordance with accepted engineering practices to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement.
- (b) All air ducts, large pipes, storage tanks, and other similar objects or components located below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be securely anchored or affixed to prevent flotation.

9. Floors, Walls and Ceilings

- (a) Wood flooring used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be installed to accommodate a lateral expansion of the flooring, perpendicular to the flooring grain without causing structural damage to the building.
- (b) Plywood used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be of a "marine" or "water-resistant" variety.
- (c) Walls and ceilings at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be designed and constructed of materials that are "water-resistant" and will withstand inundation.
- (d) Windows, doors, and other components at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be made of metal or other "water-resistant" material.

10. Paints and Adhesives

- (a) Paints and other finishes used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be of "marine" or "water-resistant" quality.
- (b) Adhesives used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be of a "marine" or "water-resistant" variety.
- (c) All wooden components (doors, trim, cabinets, etc.) used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be finished with a "marine" or "water-resistant" paint or other finishing material.

11. Electrical Components

- (a) Electrical distribution panels shall be at least three (3) feet above the base flood elevation.

- (b) Separate electrical circuits shall serve lower levels and shall be dropped from above.

12. Equipment

- (a) Water heaters, furnaces, air conditioning and ventilating units, and other electrical, mechanical or utility equipment or apparatus shall not be located below the Regulatory Flood Elevation and shall be anchored to resist floatation, collapse, and lateral movement
- (b) Ductwork shall be elevated to or above the Regulatory Flood Elevation or floodproofed to remain water resistant.

13. Fuel Supply Systems

All gas and oil supply systems shall be designed to prevent the infiltration of flood waters into the system and discharges from the system into flood waters. Additional provisions shall be made for the drainage of these systems in the event that flood water infiltration occurs.

14. Uniform Construction Code Coordination

The Standards and Specifications contained in 34 PA Code (Chapters 401-405), as amended and not limited to the following provisions shall apply to the above and other sections and sub-sections of this ordinance, to the extent that they are more restrictive and supplement the requirements of this ordinance.

International Building Code (IBC) 2009 or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Secs. 801, 1202, 1403, 1603, 1605, 1612, 3402, and Appendix G.

International Residential Building Code (IRC) 2009 or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Secs. R104, R105, R109, R322, Appendix E, and Appendix J.

D. Development Which May Endanger Human Life

Within any Identified Floodplain Area, any structure of the kind described below, shall be prohibited. If a variance is obtained in accordance with the required criteria, then the following provisions apply:

1. In accordance with the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act, and the regulations adopted by the Department of Community and Economic Development as required by the Act, any new or substantially improved structure which:
 - (a) will be used for the production or storage of any of the following dangerous materials or substances; or,

- (b) will be used for any activity requiring the maintenance of a supply of more than 550 gallons, or other comparable volume, of any of the following dangerous materials or substances on the premises; or,
- (c) will involve the production, storage, or use of any amount of radioactive substances;

shall be subject to the provisions of this section, in addition to all other applicable provisions. The following list of materials and substances are considered dangerous to human life:

- Acetone
 - Ammonia
 - Benzene
 - Calcium carbide
 - Carbon disulfide
 - Celluloid
 - Chlorine
 - Hydrochloric acid
 - Hydrocyanic acid
 - Magnesium
 - Nitric acid and oxides of nitrogen
 - Petroleum products (gasoline, fuel oil, etc.)
 - Phosphorus
 - Potassium
 - Sodium
 - Sulphur and sulphur products
 - Pesticides (including insecticides, fungicides, and rodenticides)
 - Radioactive substances, insofar as such substances are not otherwise regulated.
2. Within any Identified Floodplain Area, any new or substantially improved structure of the kind described above shall be prohibited within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse.
 3. Within any Floodway Area, any structure of the kind described above, shall be prohibited. Where permitted within any Identified Floodplain Area, any new or substantially improved residential structure of the kind described above, shall be elevated to remain completely dry up to at least one and one half (1 ½) feet above base flood elevation and built in accordance with the Technical Provisions above.
 4. Where permitted within any Identified Floodplain Area, any new or substantially improved non-residential structure of the kind described above, shall be built in accordance with the Technical Provisions set forth in the immediately preceding sections above, including the following requirements:

- (a) elevated, or designed and constructed to remain completely dry up to at least one and one half (1 ½) feet above base flood elevation, and
- (b) designed to prevent pollution from the structure or activity during the course of a base flood.

Any such structure, or part thereof, that will be built below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the standards for completely dry floodproofing contained in the publication "Flood-Proofing Regulations (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, June 1972 as amended March 1992), or with some other equivalent watertight standard.

E. Special Requirements for Subdivisions and Development

All subdivision proposals and development proposals containing at least 50 lots or at least 5 acres, whichever is the lesser, in Identified Floodplain Areas where base flood elevation data are not available, shall be supported by hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analyses that determine base flood elevations and floodway information. The analyses shall be prepared by a licensed professional engineer in a format required by FEMA for a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and Letter of Map Revision (LOMR). Submittal requirements and processing fees shall be the responsibility of the applicant.

F. Special Requirements for Manufactured Homes

Within any Identified Floodplain Area manufactured homes shall be prohibited. If a variance is obtained in accordance with the require criteria, then the following provisions apply:

1. Within any Identified Floodplain Area manufactured homes shall be prohibited within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse.
2. Where permitted within any Identified Floodplain Area, all manufactured homes, and any improvements thereto, shall be:
 - (a) placed on a permanent foundation;
 - (b) elevated so that the lowest floor of the manufactured home is at least one and one half (1 ½) feet above base flood elevation;
 - (c) and anchored to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement.
3. Equipment requirement:
 - (a) Water heaters, furnaces, air conditioning and ventilating units, and other electrical, mechanical or utility equipment or apparatus shall not be located below the Regulatory Flood Elevation and shall be anchored to resist floatation, collapse, and lateral improvement.

(b) Ductwork shall be elevated to or above the Regulatory Flood Elevation or floodproofed to remain water resistant.

4. Installation of manufactured homes shall be done in accordance with the manufacturers' installation instructions as provided by the manufacturer. Where the applicant cannot provide the above information, the requirements of Appendix E of the 2009 "International Residential Building Code" or the "U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Permanent Foundations for Manufactured Housing," 1984 Edition, draft or latest revision thereto and 34 PA Code Chapter 401-405 shall apply.
5. Consideration shall be given to the installation requirements of the 2009 IBC, and the 2009 IRC or the latest revision thereto as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and 34 PA Code, as amended where appropriate and/or applicable to units where the manufacturers' standards for anchoring cannot be provided or were not established for the proposed unit(s) installation.

G. Special Requirements for Recreational Vehicles

Within any Identified Floodplain Area recreational vehicles shall be prohibited. If a variance is obtained in accordance with the required criteria, then the following provisions apply:

1. Recreational vehicles in Zones A, A1-30, AH and AE must either:
 - (a) be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days, and
 - (b) be fully licensed and ready for highway use, or
 - (c) meet the permit requirements for manufactured homes.

(6) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

A. General

In accordance with the administrative regulations promulgated by the Department of Community and Economic Development to implement the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act, the following activities shall be prohibited within any Identified Floodplain Area:

1. The commencement of any of the following activities; or the construction, enlargement, or expansion of any structure used, or intended to be used, for any of the following activities:
 - (a) Hospitals
 - (b) Nursing homes
 - (c) Jails or prisons

2. The commencement of, or any construction of, a new manufactured home park or manufactured home subdivision, or substantial improvement to an existing manufactured home park or manufactured home subdivision.

(7) EXISTING STRUCTURES IN IDENTIFIED FLOODPLAIN AREAS

A. Existing Structures

The provisions of this ordinance do not require any changes or improvements to be made to lawfully existing structures. However, when an improvement is made to any existing structure, the following provisions regarding improvements shall apply.

B. Improvements

The following provisions shall apply whenever any improvement is made to an existing structure located within any Identified Floodplain Area:

1. No expansion or enlargement of an existing structure shall be allowed within any Identified Floodplain Area that would cause any increase in BFE.
2. Any modification, alteration, reconstruction, or improvement of any kind to an existing structure to an extent or amount of fifty (50) percent or more of its market value, shall constitute a substantial improvement and shall be undertaken only in full compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance.
3. The above activity shall also address the requirements of the 34 PA Code, as amended and the 2009 IBC and the 2009 IRC or most recent revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
4. Within any Floodway Area/District, no new construction or development shall be allowed, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office
5. Within any AE Area/District without Floodway, no new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.
6. Any modification, alteration, reconstruction, or improvement of any kind that meets the definition of "cumulative substantial damage" shall be undertaken only in full compliance with the provisions of this ordinance.

(8) VARIANCES

A. General

If compliance with any of the requirements of this ordinance would result in an exceptional hardship to a prospective builder, developer or landowner, the Township Zoning Hearing Board may, upon request, grant relief from the strict application of the requirements.

B. Variance Procedures and Conditions

Requests for variances shall be considered by the Township Zoning Hearing Board in accordance with the procedures contained within the Zoning Hearing Board review and approval provisions contained within the Zoning Ordinance and in addition, the following:

1. No variance shall be granted within any Identified Floodplain Area that would cause any increase in BFE.
2. Except for a possible modification of the Regulatory Flood Elevation requirement involved, no variance shall be granted for any of the other requirements pertaining specifically to development regulated by Development Which May Endanger Human Life
3. If granted, a variance shall involve only the least modification necessary to provide relief.
4. In granting any variance, the Township Zoning Hearing Board shall attach whatever reasonable conditions and safeguards it considers necessary in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and to achieve the objectives of this Ordinance.
5. Whenever a variance is granted, the Township Zoning Hearing Board shall notify the applicant in writing that:
 - (a) The granting of the variance may result in increased premium rates for flood insurance.
 - (b) Such variances may increase the risks to life and property.
6. In reviewing any request for a variance, the Township Zoning Hearing Board shall consider, at a minimum, the following:
 - (a) That there is good and sufficient cause.
 - (b) That failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant.
 - (c) That the granting of the variance will
 - i. neither result in an unacceptable or prohibited increase in flood heights, additional threats to public safety, or extraordinary public expense,
 - ii. nor create nuisances, cause fraud on, or victimize the public, or conflict with any other applicable state or local ordinances and regulations.
7. A complete record of all variance requests and related actions shall be maintained by the Township Zoning Hearing Board. In addition, a report of all variances granted during the year shall be included in the annual report to the FEMA.

Notwithstanding any of the above, however, all structures shall be designed and constructed so as to have the capability of resisting the one-percent (1%) annual chance flood.

(9) DEFINITIONS

A. General

Unless specifically defined below, words and phrases used in this Ordinance shall be interpreted so as to give this Ordinance its' most reasonable application.

B. Specific Definitions

1. Accessory use or structure - a use or structure on the same lot with, and of a nature customarily incidental and subordinate to, the principal use or structure.
2. Base flood - a flood which has a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year (also called the "100-year flood" or one-percent (1%) annual chance flood).
3. Base flood discharge - the volume of water resulting from a Base Flood as it passes a given location within a given time, usually expressed in cubic feet per second (cfs).
4. Base flood elevation (BFE) - the elevation shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for Zones AE, AH, A1-30 that indicates the water surface elevation resulting from a flood that has a 1-percent or greater chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.
5. Basement - any area of the building having its floor below ground level on all sides.
6. Building - a combination of materials to form a permanent structure having walls and a roof. Included shall be all manufactured homes and trailers to be used for human habitation.
7. Cumulative substantial damage – flood related damages sustained by a structure on two or more separate occasions during a 10-year period for which the cost of repairs at the time of each such flood event, on average, equals or exceeds 25 percent of the market value of the structure before the damages occurred.
8. Declaration of Land Restriction (Non-Conversion Agreement) - A form signed by the property owner to agree not to convert or modify in any manner that is inconsistent with the terms of the permit and these regulations, certain enclosures below the lowest floor of elevated buildings and certain accessory structures. The form requires the owner to record it on the property deed to inform future owners of the restrictions.
9. Development - any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to the construction, reconstruction, renovation, repair, expansion, or alteration of buildings or other structures; the placement of manufactured homes;

streets, and other paving; utilities; filling, grading and excavation; mining; dredging; drilling operations; storage of equipment or materials; and the subdivision of land.

10. Existing manufactured home park or subdivision – a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.
11. Expansion to an existing manufactured home park or subdivision – the preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).
12. Flood - a temporary inundation of normally dry land areas.
13. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) - the official map on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated both the areas of special flood hazards and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.
14. Flood Insurance Study (FIS) - the official report provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that includes flood profiles, the Flood Insurance Rate Map, the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.
15. Floodplain area - a relatively flat or low land area which is subject to partial or complete inundation from an adjoining or nearby stream, river or watercourse; and/or any area subject to the unusual and rapid accumulation of surface waters from any source.
16. Floodproofing - any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.
17. Floodway - the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot.
18. Highest Adjacent Grade - The highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.
19. Historic structures – any structure that is:
 - (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
 - (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district

preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;

(c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or

(d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation that have been certified either:

i. By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or

ii. Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

20. Identified Floodplain Area- this term is an umbrella term that includes all of the areas within which the community has selected to enforce floodplain regulations. It will always include the area identified as the Special Flood Hazard Area on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps and Flood Insurance Study, but may include additional areas identified by the community. See Sections 4.01 and 4.02 for the specifics on what areas the community has included in the Identified Floodplain Area.
21. Lowest floor - the lowest floor of the lowest fully enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished, flood resistant partially enclosed area, used solely for parking of vehicles, building access, and incidental storage, in an area other than a basement area is not considered the lowest floor of a building, provided that such space is not designed and built so that the structure is in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of this ordinance.
22. Manufactured home - a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis, and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when attached to the required utilities. The term includes park trailers, travel trailers, recreational and other similar vehicles which are placed on a site for more than 180 consecutive days.
23. Manufactured home park or subdivision – a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.
24. New construction - structures for which the start of construction commenced on or after the effective start date of this floodplain management ordinance and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. Any construction started after July 5, 1977 and before the effective start date of this floodplain management ordinance is subject to the ordinance in effect at the time the permit was issued, provided the start of construction was within 180 days of permit issuance.
25. New manufactured home park or subdivision – a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is

completed on or after the effective date of floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.

26. Person - an individual, partnership, public or private association or corporation, firm, trust, estate, municipality, governmental unit, public utility or any other legal entity whatsoever, which is recognized by law as the subject of rights and duties.
27. Post-FIRM Structure - is a structure for which construction or substantial improvement occurred after December 31, 1974 or on or after the community's initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) dated July 5, 1977, whichever is later, and, as such, would be required to be compliant with the regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program.
28. Pre-FIRM Structure - is a structure for which construction or substantial improvement occurred on or before December 31, 1974 or before the community's initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) dated July 5, 1977, whichever is later, and, as such, would not be required to be compliant with the regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program.
29. Recreational vehicle - a vehicle which is:
 - (a) built on a single chassis;
 - (b) not more than 400 square feet, measured at the largest horizontal projections;
 - (c) designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light-duty truck,
 - (d) not designed for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.
30. Regulatory Flood Elevation - the base flood elevation (BFE) or estimated flood height as determined using simplified methods plus a freeboard safety factor of one and one-half (1 ½) feet. The freeboard safety factor also applies to utilities and ductwork.
31. Special flood hazard area (SFHA) - means an area in the floodplain subject to a 1 percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. It is shown on the FIRM as Zone A, AO, A1-A30, AE, A99, or, AH.
32. Start of construction - includes substantial improvement and other proposed new development and means the date the Permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement was within 180 days after the date of the permit and shall be completed within twelve (12) months after the date of issuance of the permit unless a time extension is granted, in writing, by the Floodplain Administrator. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufacture home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and walkways; nor does it include excavation for

a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

33. Structure – a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home.
34. Subdivision - the division or re-division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land by any means into two or more lots, tracts, parcels or other divisions of land including changes in existing lot lines for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of lease, partition by the court for distribution to heirs, or devisees, transfer of ownership or building or lot development: Provided, however, that the subdivision by lease of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of more than ten acres, not involving any new street or easement of access or any residential dwelling, shall be exempted.
35. Substantial damage - damage from any cause sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before-damaged condition would equal or exceed fifty (50) percent or more of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.
36. Substantial improvement - any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, of which the cost equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure before the "start of construction" of the improvement. This term includes structures which have incurred "substantial damage" or "cumulative substantial damage" regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions.
37. Uniform Construction Code (UCC) – The statewide building code adopted by The Pennsylvania General Assembly in 1999 applicable to new construction in all municipalities whether administered by the municipality, a third party or the Department of Labor and Industry. Applicable to residential and commercial buildings, The Code adopted The International Residential Code (IRC) and the International Building Code (IBC), by reference, as the construction standard applicable with the State floodplain construction. For coordination purposes, references to the above are made specifically to various sections of the IRC and the IBC.
38. Variance- A grant of relief by a community from the terms of a floodplain management regulation.
39. Violation - means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance

required in 44 CFR §60.3(b)(5), (c)(4), (c)(10), (d)(3), (e)(2), (e)(4), or (e)(5) is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.”

SECTION 2. Chapter 240 – 6 Definitions of the Zoning Ordinance shall be hereby amended to delete the following terms: “Base Flood”, “Base Flood Elevation”, “Floodway”, “and “Floodplain”.

SECTION 3. Severability. If any sentence, clause, section, or part of this Ordinance is for any reason found to be unconstitutional, illegal or invalid, such unconstitutionality, illegality or invalidity shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions, sentences, clauses, sections, or parts hereof. It is hereby declared as the intent of the Board of Supervisors that this Ordinance would have been adopted had such unconstitutional, illegal or invalid sentence, clause, section or part thereof not been included herein.

SECTION 4. Repealer. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with any provision of this Ordinance are hereby repealed insofar as the same affects this Ordinance.

SECTION 5. Codification. General Code is hereby authorized to make non-substantive formatting and numbering changes necessary to clarify references to other sections of Township ordinances and/or codification and to bring the Ordinance into conformity with Township ordinances/codification.

SECTION 6. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective on September 29, 2017 and shall remain in force and effect until otherwise amended by the Township.

ENACTED AND ORDAINED this _____ day of _____, 2017.

ATTEST:

**EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Louis F. Smith, Secretary

E. Martin Shane, Chairman

Carmen R. Battavio, Vice-Chairman

Charles W. Proctor, III, Esquire, Member

Janet L. Emanuel, Member

Michael P. Lynch, Member

610-692-7171
www.eastgoshen.org

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
EAST GOSHEN TOWNSHIP

CHESTER COUNTY
1580 PAOLI PIKE, WEST CHESTER, PA 19380-6199

May 8, 2017

East Goshen Township Planning Commission
Attn: Adam Knox, Commission Chair
1580 Paoli Pike
West Chester, PA 19380-0990

Re: East Goshen Township, Chester County
DCED – Greenways, Trails and Recreation Grant Application

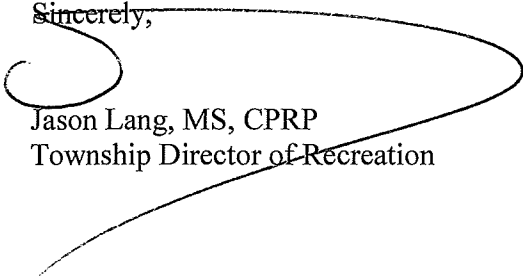
Dear Mr. Knox:

This letter shall serve as notice to the East Goshen Township Planning Commission that East Goshen Township is making application for a Pennsylvania DCED – Greenways, Trails and Recreation Grant to renovate Milltown Dam Park. The proposed project is consistent with the goals and objectives of the 2015 East Goshen Comprehensive plan, the 2015 East Goshen Township Parks, Recreation and Open Space Plan Update and the 2017 Milltown Dam Park Open Space Master Site Plan (draft). Funds for this project will be utilized to renovate Milltown Dam Park's open space to best meet the current and future recreational needs of area residents. These improvements include:

- A fishing pond and fishing piers
- ADA-accessible multi-modal trail and pathways
- Riparian forest, seasonal meadow and wetland improvements
- Two ADA-accessible parking lots
- ADA-accessible bridges and boardwalks
- Cross walk improvements

If you have any questions about this project please contact me.

Sincerely,



Jason Lang, MS, CPRP
Township Director of Recreation